Great Questions in Maths

Find all real solutions of the equation

$$(x^2 - 7x + 11)^{(x^2 - 11x + 30)} = 1$$

$$3^{444} + 4^{333}$$

Multiple of 5?

Using ALL of

3, 3, 8, 8

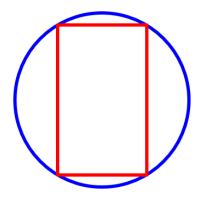
and ANY of

 $\times \div + -$

Make the number 24.

Evaluate the sum

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{4}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{15} + \sqrt{16}}$$



A circle of radius 6cm is inscribed by a rectangle of perimeter 28cm. Find the area of the rectangle.

$$x^2 + x + 41$$

Is this a prime number for all natural numbers n?

$$p^2 - 1 = 24m$$

Take any prime number greater than 3, square it and subtract 1. Is the answer a multiple of 24? Why is that?

$$x^{1}, x^{3}, x^{4}, x^{2}, x^{0}$$
.

Five numbers are arranged in order from least to greatest as above. Where does $-x^{-1}$ belong in the list?

$$x + \frac{1}{x} \ge 2$$
 where $x \in R, x > 0$

True or false?