

## Intersecting Planes

How do the following sets of planes intersect each other?

In each case, give as much information as possible about the intersection

$\begin{aligned}x - y + z + 5 &= 0 \\x - y + z + 2 &= 0 \\x - y + 7z + 2 &= 0\end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned}x - y - z + 7 &= 0 \\x - y + z + 2 &= 0 \\x - y + 7z + 2 &= 0\end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned}x - y - z + 2 &= 0 \\x - y + z + 2 &= 0 \\x - y + 7z + 2 &= 0\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned}-x - y - z + 2 &= 0 \\x - y + z + 2 &= 0 \\x - y + 7z + 2 &= 0\end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned}-x - y - z + 7 &= 0 \\x - y + z + 2 &= 0 \\x - y + 7z + 2 &= 0\end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned}x - y + z + 5 &= 0 \\x - y + z + 2 &= 0 \\x - y + z - 5 &= 0\end{aligned}$

## Intersecting Planes

How do the following sets of planes intersect each other?

In each case, give as much information as possible about the intersection

$x - y + z + 5 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = -2$	$x - y - z + 7 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = -2$	$x - y - z + 2 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = -2$
$-x - y - z + 2 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = -2$	$-x - y - z + 7 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = -2$	$x - y + z + 5 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 5$

## Transforming Planes

Start with three identical planes such as the following...

$x + y + z = 1$	$x + y + z = 1$	$x + y + z = 1$
-----------------	-----------------	-----------------

Perform the following changes and write down each of your new equations of planes as you go.

- Rotate two of them to create a sheaf.
- Translate one plane of your sheaf to create a prism
- Rotate your translated plane to create two parallel planes
- Change your third plane to create three parallel planes
- Go back to your sheaf and change one of the planes to create an intersection at a single point

### Identifying Relationships between Planes

$x + y + z = 4$	$x + 4y + z = 0$	$-x - y - z = 4$	$x + y + z = 0$
$4x + y + z = 0$	$x + 4y + z = 4$	$x + 4y + 4z = 4$	$x - y + z = 0$

From the eight planes above, choose 3 that are...

- a) All Parallel
- b) Two Parallel but the third not
- c) Prism
- d) Sheaf
- e) Single point

Create your own set of eight planes to fulfil each of the criteria above. Is it possible to do it with just seven planes? Or six?

## Intersecting Planes - Answers

How do the following sets of planes intersect each other?

In each case, give as much information as possible about the intersection

$x - y + z + 5 = 0$ $x - y + z + 2 = 0$ $x - y + 7z + 2 = 0$ <p>Two Parallel Planes</p>	$x - y - z + 7 = 0$ $x - y + z + 2 = 0$ $x - y + 7z + 2 = 0$ <p>Prism</p>	$x - y - z + 2 = 0$ $x - y + z + 2 = 0$ $x - y + 7z + 2 = 0$ <p>Sheaf</p>
$-x - y - z + 2 = 0$ $x - y + z + 2 = 0$ $x - y + 7z + 2 = 0$ <p>Intersect at a single point</p> <p><math>(0, 2, 0)</math></p>	$-x - y - z + 7 = 0$ $x - y + z + 2 = 0$ $x - y + 7z + 2 = 0$ <p>Intersect at a single point</p> <p><math>\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{9}{2}, 0\right)</math></p>	$x - y + z + 5 = 0$ $x - y + z + 2 = 0$ $x - y + z - 5 = 0$ <p>Parallel Planes</p>

## Intersecting Planes - Answers

How do the following sets of planes intersect each other?

In each case, give as much information as possible about the intersection

$x - y + z + 5 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = -2$ <p style="text-align: center;">Two Parallel Planes</p>	$x - y - z + 7 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = -2$ <p style="text-align: center;">Prism</p>	$x - y - z + 2 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = -2$ <p style="text-align: center;">Sheaf</p>
$-x - y - z + 2 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = -2$ <p style="text-align: center;">Intersect at a single point</p>	$-x - y - z + 7 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} = -2$ <p style="text-align: center;">Intersect at a single point</p>	$x - y + z + 5 = 0$ $r = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ $r \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 5$ <p style="text-align: center;">Parallel Planes</p>