FP1 Transformations Questions

7 (a) The transformation T is defined by the matrix \mathbf{A} , where

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(i) Describe the transformation T geometrically.

(2 marks)

(ii) Calculate the matrix product A^2 .

(2 marks)

(iii) Explain briefly why the transformation T followed by T is the identity transformation.

(1 mark)

(b) The matrix **B** is defined by

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(ii) Calculate $(\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{A})(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})$.

(3 marks)

5 The matrix M is defined by

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Describe fully the geometrical transformation represented by M.

(2 marks)

2 The matrices A and B are given by

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}, \ \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) Describe fully the geometrical transformation represented by each of the following matrices:
 - (i) **A**; (2 marks)
 - (ii) \mathbf{B} ; (2 marks)
 - (iii) BA. (2 marks)
- 1 The matrices **A** and **B** are given by

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 8 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

The matrix $\mathbf{M} = \mathbf{A} - 2\mathbf{B}$.

- (a) Show that $\mathbf{M} = n \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$, where *n* is a positive integer. (2 marks)
- (b) The matrix M represents a combination of an enlargement of scale factor p and a reflection in a line L. State the value of p and write down the equation of L.

 (2 marks)