

Mechanics 2 Elasticity

8(a)	$\frac{100}{0.4}e = 10 \times 9.8$ $e = 0.392 \text{ m}$ Length = $0.392 + 0.4 = 0.792$	M1 A1			Use of Hookes law and equilibrium Correct length
(b)	$EPE = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{100}{0.4} \times 0.6^2 = 45 \text{ J}$ AG	M1 A1		2	Use of EPE formula Correct value from correct working
(c)(i)	$45 = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{100}{0.4} (x - 0.4)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 10v^2 + 10 \times 9.8(1 - x)$ $45 = 125(x - 0.4)^2 + 5v^2 + 98(1 - x)$ $5v^2 = 98x - 98 + 45 - 125x^2 + 100x - 20$ $v^2 = 39.6x - 25x^2 - 14.6$ <p style="text-align: center;">AG</p>	M1 A1 M1 B1 A1 dM1 A1		7	Expression for EPE with $(x \pm 0.4)^2$ Correct EPE Four term energy equation Correct GPE Correct equation Solving for v^2 Correct result from correct working
(ii)	$39.6x - 25x^2 - 14.6 = 0$ $25x^2 - 39.6x + 14.6 = 0$ $x = \frac{39.6 \pm \sqrt{39.6^2 - 4 \times 25 \times 14.6}}{2 \times 25}$ $= 1 \text{ or } 0.584$ $x = 0.584$	M1 A1 A1		3	Solving quadratic Correct solutions Appropriate value selected SC Only correct answers given award M1A1.
Total				14	

8(a)	$2g = \frac{49 \times x}{0.5}$ $x = 0.2$	M1 A1 A1			
(b)	$EPE = \frac{49 \times (0.2)^2}{2 \times 0.5}$ $= 1.96 \text{ (J)}$	M1 A1		2	
(c)(i)	$1.96 = \frac{49 \times x^2}{2 \times 0.5} + 0.8 \times 9.8 \times (0.2 + x)$ $x^2 + 0.16x - 0.008 = 0$	M1 A3 A1		5	All terms attempted for M1 -1 EE from A3
(ii)	$x = \frac{0.16 \pm \sqrt{0.16^2 + 4 \times 0.008}}{2}$ $x = 0.04$	M1 A1		2	$x = 0.04$ only identified
Total				12	

<p>6(a)</p>	<p>EPE is $\frac{\lambda x^2}{2l}$ $= \frac{200(0.5)^2}{2 \times 2}$ $= 12.5 \text{ J}$</p>	<p>M1 A1</p>	<p>2</p>	
<p>(b)</p>	<p>When string becomes slack, using $\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = \text{loss in EPE:}$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times v^2 = 12.5$ Speed is $\sqrt{5} \text{ m s}^{-1}$</p>	<p>M1 A1 A1</p>	<p>3</p>	<p>NB Using $\sqrt{5}$ to answer (a) and thus (b) \Rightarrow no marks AG</p>
<p>(c)</p>	<p>Resolving vertically, $R = 5g$ $F = \mu R$ $0.4 \times 5g = 2g$ Using change in energy = work done: $2g \times 0.5 =$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times (\sqrt{5})^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times v^2$ $9.8 = 12.5 - \frac{5}{2}v^2$ $v^2 = 1.08$ Speed is 1.04 m s^{-1}</p>	<p>B1 M1 M1 M1 A1,A1 A1</p>	<p>7</p>	<p>M1 for force \times distance A1 first term (or 12.5) A1 second term (inc -)</p>
Total			12	